

# VILLA DEPORTS SIX HUNDRED SPANIARDS

Seize Property and Valuables  
Send Them Orders That Entire  
Spanish Population of Torreon  
Be Loaded on Trains and Sent  
Across Border into United  
States at El Paso.

TORREON, via El Paso, April 6.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)—General Villa yesterday issued orders that the six hundred Spaniards who reside here and in the vicinity be deported. The rebel leader issued instructions that trains be provided immediately for that purpose and that the exodus of the Spaniards to El Paso begin this morning. All the property of the Spaniards has been confiscated at least temporarily.

The order of deportation was received by the Spaniards first in tragic alarm which was followed by panicky outbreaks, pleadings and attempts. All asserted that they had remained neutral as far as they could with the federal troops in control of the city.

Villa Remains Obstinate.

Villa, however, was obstinate and shook his head to all protests, declaring that every Spaniard in Mexico will be deported. Disobedience of the order, he declared, will mean execution upon capture.

It was remembered when Villa was at Juarez preparing for his advance on Torreon he sent word to the Spaniards of Torreon that he considered them all "loyal" to Mexico because of their sympathy for the Huerta cause and would kill every Spaniard captured when he took the city. He advised all Spaniards to leave Torreon.

United States Interdicted.

Upon receipt of this warning the Spanish consular agent at Torreon made an appeal to Washington, and through the office of Secretary of State Bryan Villa was induced to withdraw his decision for general execution of Spaniards.

It was because of this threat against the Spaniards that Bryan also insisted on Huerta and Villa establishing a neutral zone at Torreon, which was not to be fired on during the siege, and where foreign residents of the city could take refuge.

Inasmuch as Villa and his rebels seized the Spaniards of all their holdings and valuables, they will arrive in the United States practically penniless, many of them with only the clothing on their backs.

Problem of Care Arises.  
Because they cannot be classed as belligerents, and are foreign residents in Mexico, it is not probable that they will be stopped by the military authorities as violators of the neutrality law, but because of being penniless it is certain that they will have to be cared for at the government refugee camps until other provision can be made for them by their government in all probability.

## TWO TRAINS BLOWN UP: 36 FEDERALS ARE KILLED

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, April 6.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)—Two federal military trains were blown up by rebels Friday between Tampico and San Luis Potosi and thirty-six soldiers killed, according to a Constitutionalist message received yesterday at Matamoros.

## Secretary Issues Sweeping Order Effecting Every Ship and Station in Department.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)—Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels yesterday made public the fact that he has issued an order compelling absolute prohibition from alcoholic liquors in the navy department.

Not only will the order abolish the wine made maintained by the officers, but will bar alcoholic liquors from every ship and every shore station of the department. The secretary also declared that the order was issued upon the recommendation of Surgeon General Blakeslee.

The order is considered one of the most notable victories ever scored by the prohibition forces.

## PLAN TO PURCHASE WATERLOO BATTLEFIELD

LONDON, April 6.—(By Federal Wireless.)—A committee which includes the Duke of Wellington, Lord Roberts and the lord mayor of London, has been formed to raise a public fund of \$50,000 to purchase the Waterloo battlefield in order to preserve it from a speculative builder.

LONDON, April 6.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)—An explosion, attributed to a bomb placed by suffragettes, in St. Martin's Church, Trafalgar Square, last night did considerable damage to the pews and windows. There was no one in the church at the time of the explosion.

NEW YORK, April 6.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)—K. P. Shub, the first minister to the United States under the new Chinese Republic, arrived here yesterday from Hamburg on his way to Washington. He was accompanied by his wife and a large corps of assistants, the party numbering sixteen persons.

# IRWIN ENDORSED FOR JOB, RUMOR

Democratic Higherups Declare That Hilo Man May Get Main Judgeship.

(From Monday Advertiser.)

From the inner circles of Democracy here and from the higher-ups in the councils of the Bourbons, it was authoritatively stated yesterday that Governor Pinkham had endorsed Harry Irwin of Hilo for judgeship of the Second Circuit and that his name had been forwarded to President Wilson by Governor Pinkham on Saturday. Pinkham last night refused to discuss the subject, declaring that all announcements of appointments must come from Washington.

The Second Judicial Circuit comprises the islands of Maui and Molokai. Judge Selden B. Kingsbury is at present holding the position of judge of this circuit.

A prominent politician, high in the ranks of local Democracy, said yesterday that the endorsement of Irwin for the Maui judgeship was a compromise measure to quiet Irwin's fight for the Hawaii judgeship.

Certain Hilo Democrats, it is claimed, have been clamoring for the scalp of Judge Parsons for some time. One of the gravest charges against Judge Parsons is that he is a staunch Republican and should give way to a dyed-in-the-wool Democrat.

Judge Parsons, however, has strong influence working on Hawaii to retain him in his position. These influences are said to be from those high in the ranks of both the Republican and Democratic parties on the Big Island.

By stating Irwin for the Maui judgeship it is thought by Democratic politicians here that it is a compromise measure with the Hilo organization and at the same time a plan to retain Judge Parsons in his present position. Others equally high in Democratic councils scout the idea of Irwin's appointment to Maui and maintain that Judge Edging, who has the combined endorsement of the Bar Association, the Democratic Territorial Committee, and National Committeeman John Wilson, will land the appointment. In addition to the local influences working for Judge Edging's appointment it is stated that powerful influences on the mainland are working also for his appointment.

Japanese Driver Runs Down Cab Driver—Latter in Hospital from Injuries.

Sergeant Major Wells of the regular Army, driving automobile No. 1115, collided with Rapid Transit car No. 17 at King and Bishop streets last night at seven-fifteen o'clock. According to Special Officer Perry, Wells was driving at a high rate of speed when he struck the car, which caused his machine to skid on the wet pavement and sent it crashing into a telephone pole.

Considerable damage was done to the machine. The radiator was smashed, both lamps were broken and the springs and body were badly injured. None of the occupants was injured.

T. Morimoto, a Japanese, driving automobile No. 1436, ran down and seriously injured Manuel Correa, a hack-driver, at Liliha and Kukui streets at seven o'clock yesterday morning.

According to Officer Chilton, Correa was driving on the right side of the road when the accident occurred. Correa was thrown out of the back and sustained several painful injuries. The horse ran away and the hack was badly smashed.

Correa is in the Queen's Hospital, and will swear to a warrant charging Morimoto with violating the traffic ordinance when he is in a condition to appear at the police station.

## MANCHURIA FOUR DAYS BEHIND ITS SCHEDULE

Hackford & Company have been advised by cable that the Pacific Mail steamer Manchuria is four days behind its schedule and will not arrive here until April 15.

The delay is due to damages sustained by the big vessel when it was struck by a small and driven around by Nagasaki about two weeks ago. Although the liner grounded on a soft bottom and was soon floated the plates were slightly damaged and it was ordered to Hongkong for repairs.

## FELS LEAVES \$50,000 TO FAITHFUL SECRETARY

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—(By Federal Wireless.)—Most of the estate of Joseph Fels, millionaire and single-tax advocate, is left to his widow, with \$50,000 to Walter Costes of Middleboro, Massachusetts, England. "As a token of appreciation of faithfulness to me and as a man," Costes was Mr. Fels' secretary.

FORTLAND, April 6.—(By Federal Wireless.)—Pedro a seven-foot Mexican boy, boarded for three months at the expense of the United States government, has been sold to a showman for eight dollars.

Pedro was acquired when Jennie Wren, make chamber, was arrested at Pendleton as a white slave widow. Under the regulations United States Marshal John Montre was forced to keep the snake, but after the case had been dismissed Miss Wren failed to claim her pet.

An allowance had been made for his board by the government, but with dismissal of the case this fund was shut off and the maraud found it expensive buying young rabbits and eggs by the dozen to satisfy the voracious appetite of the serpent.

# OFFICERS FACE AMMUNITION PROBLEM

War Department Allowance for Small Arms Practice Declared Inadequate for Proper Training of Men, Especially Recruits Who Have Not Qualified on the Range.

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS, April 5.—Company commanders in the full war strength regiments of the Hawaiian Brigade have awakened to the realization that the present authorized allowance per man for small arms ammunition with companies filled largely with unqualified men will prove altogether inadequate for the present target season.

Under the new small arms firing regulations, the instruction course of the known distance firing requires 135 rounds per man and for the record course 42 rounds. Should the company commander desire to have his men men fire the instruction course a second time before proceeding to the record firing, as was customary under the old regulations and as will certainly be needed under the new system, he will be required to expend 352 rounds.

Allowance Not Sufficient.

The money allowance for the current year for each infantryman has been cut to \$7.05, which at the present cost of rifle ball ammunition, will provide only 306 rounds. From this allowance of \$7.05 must also be deducted all other kinds of ammunition the soldier uses in preparing himself for the range, including gallery and dummy cartridges, the guard ammunition he uses during the year and the blank ammunition he may use in maneuvers and exercises for the same period.

To this must also be added the cost of the soldier's score book. Add to this the ball ammunition necessary for the proficiency test required for each organization and the combat firing, a series of rifle practice now recognized as the most important part of the soldier's instruction and requiring a liberal allowance of ammunition, and the problem which company commanders are now facing is easily apparent.

Allowance Is Slashed.

Influenced, no doubt, by the adoption by the war department of a new system of firing regulations, congress proceeded to cut the allowance for rifle practice from the sum appropriated for the fiscal year 1913 by the arbitrary amount of \$50,000. At the same time the strength of the army has been increased so that the current year finds approximately 3500 more soldiers in the army.

To provide funds to enable these men to shoot, estimating at the former year's allowance of \$10 in round figures for each soldier, the increase in strength alone will require an expenditure of \$35,000 to furnish ammunition for these 3500 men. To offset this actual reduction of \$85,000 the war department has reduced the individual allowance of the soldier.

Apparent Reduction of \$174,000.

For example the reduction for soldiers of the infantry, Philippine and Indian Scouts and the Engineers amounts this year to \$0.13 per man.

The authorized strength of these forces is about 41,000 men, not including about 7500 unattached to regiments and there is made in this instance a saving of \$12,030. In the case of a cavalry soldier, a saving of \$2.98 has been made on the individual or a saving of \$92,000 on the entire cavalry arm of 40,47 for each cost artillery soldier of about \$9000 for the entire Artillery Corps.

This makes in round figures an apparent reduction in individual allowances for ammunition of \$179,000 to offset a needed reduction of but \$85,000. This very considerable reduction has been made despite a considerable difference in cost of rifle ammunition than in former years.

It is possible that the appropriation will be sufficient to provide for the needs of the average organization with a normal number of recruits in the several grades, but it is utterly impossible, in the opinion of many infantry officers here, to meet the required expenditure for ammunition that the proper training the large number of unqualified men will demand with the money allowance as at present authorized.

## Y. M. C. A. NIGHT SCHOOL TO BEGIN SUMMER WORK

Night school classes of the Young Men's Christian Association will begin work for the summer semester April 13. Classes will meet twice weekly and will study the same courses as those composing the winter curriculum. Instructors in the various branches will be as follows: bookkeeping, John C. Anderson; typewriting, Merion J. N. Folsom; advanced English, E. B. Tracy; business English, P. N. Folsom; elementary English, Maurice Spalding; machine shop course, J. P. Perry, Jr.; employed boys' class, R. M. Cross.

A PARENT'S DUTY.

Your boy is always getting scratched or cut or bruised. Because these wounds have healed off right is no sign they always will. Get a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and see that every injury is cared for immediately. You can get nothing better, and blood poison is too dangerous a disease to risk. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# ARMY PRISONER MAKES ESCAPE

Herman Lewis, Colored Soldier Held for Highway Robbery, Breaks Jail at Schofield.

(From Monday Advertiser.)

Herman Lewis, colored, a private in Company K, Twenty-fifth Infantry, who has been under arrest at Schofield Barracks, charged with a series of hold-ups and highway robberies in Honolulu, escaped from the guard last night and is a fugitive from justice.

The military authorities notified the police department last night of the escape of Lewis. Armed soldiers, assisted by the local police, are making a search of the island for the man.

Captain Baker received word yesterday afternoon that a man answering the description of Lewis was seen in the vicinity of the polo grounds at Manoa. Officers were immediately sent to the district but could not locate the suspect. All trails and passes leading from Lelehu are being patrolled by provost guards and it is thought in military headquarters that it will not be long before Lewis will be captured.

Awaiting Court Martial.

Lewis is awaiting trial before the military authorities charged with having held up and robbed Charles Silva, Albert Nakai and Ho Lim, three licensed chauffeurs, on the night of March 12. Shortly after twelve o'clock on that night Automobile No. 529 from the Oahu Auto Stand, driven by Charles Silva, was stopped on King street in Kalihi by Lewis, who stated that he wanted to be driven to Fort Shafter. Albert Nakai, a companion of Silva, was a passenger in the car at the time and was riding on the front seat.

The car was turned around but at the entrance of Fort Shafter Lewis told the driver to keep going and he would tell him where to stop. When opposite a Chinese store in Moanahua Silva felt the cold muzzle of a revolver pressed against his head with the command: "Throw up your hands, the both of you. If you don't I'll shoot." Silva and Nakai hastily complied with the demand and handed over their combined capital of sixteen dollars.

Commanded to Drive Back.

Lewis then commanded them to drive back to Honolulu which they did. When opposite the fishmarket, Lewis told them to slow down and, while the car was rattling at about twenty miles an hour, Lewis opened the door and jumped, landing heavily on the pavement. He got up quickly and ran toward the waterfront.

Silva drove to the police station and notified Sergeant Isaacs, who, with a squad of police, made a search of the neighborhood for Lewis. Lewis, in the mean time, had gone up town and engaged another automobile from Ho Lim and was driven to the same spot where the previous robbery took place and relieved Ho Lim of ten dollars.

Lewis then commanded him to drive to Lelehu. When opposite the Alien store Ho Lim told Lewis that he was out of gasoline and would purchase a supply at the store. In reality, as Ho Lim afterward explained, he went into the store to telephone for the police. Lewis suspected his purpose and when Ho Lim returned the car was gone. It was found the next day at Schofield Barracks.

An investigation was made at Schofield the following day and Lewis was positively identified by Nakai, Silva and Ho Lim. He was placed under arrest and was awaiting trial when he escaped.

In addition to these crimes it is alleged that Lewis is a dangerous character and has been implicated in a series of holdups and robberies that have been under investigation by the military authorities for several months.

## District Attorney to Investigate Charges Made Against Schofield Barracks.

On information furnished United States District Attorney Jeff McCann, through a letter sent him, in which it is stated that the federal laws are being violated by the sale of liquors at Schofield Barracks, the district attorney stated last night that he would make an investigation of the matter and would present the facts to the federal grand jury.

McCann based himself last night upon several of those mentioned in the letter and made inquiries as to what they knew of liquor being sold in the various officers' clubs on the military reservations. The letter which caused the United States district attorney to start this investigation is as follows:

"Honolulu, April 3, 1914.  
"Hon. Jeff McCann, U. S. District Attorney, Territory of Hawaii.  
"Dear Sir:—As an American citizen who likes to see the laws enforced will you please answer this question?

"Why is the sale of intoxicating liquors permitted on the military reservation at Schofield Barracks?"

"I have seen it sold there and name you the following men who either purchased the liquor or partook of the same:  
"R. W. Shingle, Harold Dillingham, John Grace, 'Sonny' Macfarlane, Captain Winans, Lieutenant Rodd, Hall, Richards, Lyman, Cheney, William Lucas, Chris Lucas, Laurence Redington, sporting editor the Bulletin; H. G. Lowry, sporting editor the Advertiser; J. Walker, Doyle, Harvey Chilton, James Hannon, 'Alfie' Magoon and many others.

"Awaiting your reply through the columns of the daily press to which copies of this letter have been sent, I am, yours very respectfully,

CHARLES A. PEAZE.

# HAWAII TO BE DOOSTED IN EAR EAST

Alexander Hume Ford Declares He Is Assured of Installation and Maintenance of Tourist Information Bureau at Singapore, the Eastern Gateway of the Pacific.

That Hawaii is to benefit through the visit of Alexander Hume Ford to the Far East, in being able to systematically place advertising literature to advantage at the eastern gateway of the Pacific, is evidenced from the following letter received by The Advertiser from Mr. Ford, dated at Singapore on March 3:

"Just leaving Singapore today, after having gotten the different interests together so that I believe we will have an official tourist bureau here at the entrance to the Pacific which will be of great service to all of us in distributing our literature. At present there is no tourist bureau here, although several have been started by private interests and one that charges a dollar to each person asking questions still exists and an existence. I have the colonial secretary with me, and we have taken up the matter with the president of the chamber of commerce, the railway and the Malay States, etc., and the thing will be put through. I am enclosing you clipping from yesterday's Malay Tribune."

The clipping was as follows:

Bureau Is Inevitable.

"Mr. Alexander Hume Ford, editor of the 'Mid-Pacific Magazine' and one of the leaders of the 'Hawaii-Around-the-Pacific' movement, who leaves tomorrow by the Spanish mail steamer 'Alcantara' for Manila, said that an official tourist bureau in Singapore was inevitable. In fact, all that remains to secure this is the co-operation of the Federated Malay States Railways with the government and the commercial interests of Singapore."

"In Hawaii," said Mr. Ford, "our Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Association each appoint two members of the Promotion Committee of Hawaii, and they elect the fifth. The government makes an appropriation of \$6000 a year gold to this body, the city another six thousand, and the people of the city about twelve thousand more, and by judiciously distributing our literature around the Pacific we have built up Hawaii as a great Pacific resort."

Bureau in Singapore.

"All throughout Australia similar official tourist bureaus are operated with the co-operation of the government, or also the Government has gone into the business itself with wonderful results. In Java the railways, the banks, the steamship companies and the Government each appoint a director of the Official Tourist Bureau, which is subsidized by each of these bodies, and where three or four years ago the tourist bureau sent a thousand travelling through Java, it now sends five thousand a year."

"The co-operation of the F. M. S. Railways with the people of Singapore and the Government could easily make the Malay States known throughout the world as a place worth visiting, but it needs the co-operation of everyone to induce the tourist to remain in the place and make extended trips."

Considers Singapore Important.

"So important do we consider Singapore that I believe that if the railways should refuse to co-operate in this movement the official tourist bureau around the Pacific will probably contribute the sum necessary to maintain an official tourist bureau in Singapore so that the literature of the Pacific may be distributed on the steamers entering the great ocean from Europe by way of Singapore."

"It certainly would be to the advantage of the Federated Malay States Railways if they would co-operate in this, and we have every tourist bureau about the Pacific distributing its literature and urging tourists to stop over at Singapore long enough to visit the Malay States. The fact that these railways construct rest-houses for the tourist indicates that they wish him. I have felt the pulse here and know that the railways will make the first move, so could have the support, I believe, of the Government and the people of Singapore."

Makes Recommendations.

"There really should be an excellently equipped office in the city, where all information could be given about the Malay States, Singapore and the rest of the Pacific; for it is a Malay Official Tourist Bureau would distribute the literature of the rest of the Pacific, the rest of the Pacific would take care of Singapore and the Malay States, so far as publicity is concerned. This is an era of consolidation of interests, and the work of the 'Hawaii-Around-the-Pacific' movement is understood in the Malay States; that she will have an official tourist bureau here that will work with the splendidly equipped bodies of this kind that the traveler now meets with entirely around the Pacific."

"It would be a pity to have the other tourist bureaus supporting their official bureau in one part of Singapore, the railways with their in another, and other interests with a third, when they are all working for the same end and should work together."

Malay Can Teach Much.

"Around the Pacific we realize the importance of Singapore as the place where the European tourist enters the Pacific, and we feel that we have much to learn from Malaya in the way her

# IMPRESSOR IS QUICKLY LANDED

Wily Japanese Who Victimizes Countrymen Is Taken in Custody on Hawaii.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HILO, April 3.—Immigration Inspector Bayne and Dr. Katsunuma, also of the federal immigration service, came to Hilo last Thursday to catch one of the most daring and insolent violators of the laws ever seen here. The officials did their work with record promptness, for while they had expected to find their quarry in Hilo, they found on arriving here that he had left town. They started in pursuit, located him away over at Honouliuli, and brought him back to Hilo in time to secure evidence against him and yet bring him back to Honolulu in last Friday's steamer. As a record for swift and efficient detective work this will be hard to beat.

According to the immigration officials this Japanese, who is an actor by profession, first got into trouble with Uncle Sam on account of a Japanese lady of what Kipling declares is the oldest profession in the world. This woman had been ordered deported to Japan, but had been released by furnishing a bond. When the time came for her to leave in a Japan-bound steamer, her bondsmen prevailed to surrender her. The Japanese gentleman got wind of this, got hold of the lady and hid her in his home until the steamer had left Honolulu.

The immigration officials soon located the woman, and from her they learned the state of affairs mentioned. Under the circumstances the lady's actor friend had gotten himself into a serious tangle, and a warrant was issued against him under the federal statute which makes it an offense to harbor such women.

But again the wily actor got wind of the fact that there was trouble in the air. So he decided to depart, but first he wanted to take up a collection of money to take with him on his final departure to the City of the Rising Sun, and he selected Hawaii as being the island where there are most people of the type which most readily parts from money. It is possible that he had heard of the ancient proverb which names Kawaihau as the particular habitat of the genus dampfool. At any event he landed in Kohala, and, evidently possessing a well developed sense of humor, this man, with a warrant out for his arrest, succeeded to masquerade as a federal officer, making a tour through Kohala, and as far as Hilo.

All the way along the line this gentleman did a land office business. His little game was simplicity itself. He would go to Japanese whom he thought he could frighten by using the dreaded name of the federal authorities, and to each he would declare that he was a federal officer, who had the authority to have them deported to Japan. He would, however, overlook what he deemed the peccadilloes the parties in question might have on their consciences, provided a small fee, anywhere from fifteen to twenty-five dollars were handed him.

The gentleman's histrionics training assisted him materially, for so successful was his impersonation that he gathered in considerable good coin, while contributing quite a number of the species of which the proverb has it that come to born every minute. The game ended last Thursday afternoon, at Honouliuli, when the fake and genuine federal officers had a dramatic meeting. The actor was brought back to Hilo the same afternoon, and that evening until almost midnight Brown and Katsunuma spent examining the various dupes of their prisoner's wiles. They met with considerable trouble, as the witnesses have the fear of federal officials which is common with the lower class Asiatics, and, also, as they did not relish the prospect of being called to Honolulu as witnesses. Still, sufficient evidence was secured to demand some skill on the part of the prisoner when he is called upon to furnish an explanation.

rest houses are conducted for tourists, and possibly that the Malay States may have something to learn from those of us who have been wonderfully successful in organizing our forces to secure, not the tourist of a day, but the visitor of weeks and months. We shall try to secure the co-operation of the F. M. S. Railways, but in any event I am certain that a fully equipped official tourist bureau in Singapore is inevitable. It is absolutely needed, both for the good of the city and the rest of Malaya, as well as it is needed by those of us who are seeking to make Pacific lands better known throughout the world to the tourist, immigrant and investor. At present practically all of the tourist bureaus of the Pacific are entering into a plan to work together for the Pacific, and we hope and believe that before long Singapore and the Malay States will be with us.

Leaves for Philippines.

"I leave tomorrow to continue my trip to the Philippines, China and Japan. It seems certain now that every country across of the Pacific will have representative of its official tourist bureau in the 'Pan-Pacific Exposition of Information' at the Exposition in San Francisco, to give out literature to induce the American people to know the Pacific and to visit all of its countries. I trust and believe we shall have the man there who is to study for the Malay Peninsula and the methods of the tourist bureaus of the Pacific, and who will return to establish the Official Tourist Bureau in Singapore."

NEW YORK, March 23.—The market for stock exchange memberships, after a period of strength, is off again. This developed with the announcement yesterday of the sale of two seats at \$50,000, a drop of \$5000.

# BANANAS AND PINEAPPLES BARRED

Secretary of Agriculture Promulgates Stringent Regulations Against Hawaiian Products—Federal Inspection on Islands Now Required—Shipments Will Stop Temporarily.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)—The secretary of agriculture has promulgated stringent quarantine regulations against the importation of fresh fruits and vegetables from Hawaii, in order to prevent the Mediterranean fruit fly obtaining a foothold in California.

Pineapples and bananas have been added to the list of fruits which must undergo federal inspection before shipment from Hawaiian ports.

Until a copy of the quarantine regulations has been received it will not be known what their full scope is, but in the light of the cable advice the steamship companies will not handle any more bananas or pineapples for export shipment until the local federal quarantine is established.

It is believed that there will be double inspection of all Hawaiian fruits by the federal officers here and by the California State horticultural commission on arrival at San Francisco. The banana export business from Hawaii has been of considerable volume for more than thirty years. The export business in fresh pineapples sold to Pacific Coast points has also grown to a value of many thousands of dollars per annum.

Governor Pinkham having announced that the secretary of agriculture had assured him that the export business in pineapples and bananas would not be affected by the proposed quarantine, the inclusion of these fruits in the proscribed list comes as a surprise to the local interests.

## French Resent Encroachment of British—Missionaries Said to Be Disturbing Factor.

"Never will the French residents of New Hebrides submit to British domination," declared H. S. Carr, an English resident of the islands, who in a recent interview described the critical international situation resulting from clashes between the missionaries and the commercial interests of the South Sea possessions which are controlled jointly by Great Britain and France.

Mr. Carr scouted the idea of Great Britain's acquiring French rights by purchase. "There isn't enough money in the commonwealth to finance such an undertaking," he said. "I don't mean that the commonwealth could not raise money to the value of the islands and the private interests therein, but that the people there would not consent to the cession of control."

Spill Natives, He Says.

Bitterness and resentment, which at times have threatened actual hostilities, have resulted from the activities of the missionaries, according to Mr. Carr. "We are overrun with missions," he told the reporter, "and their aims and those of the planters are irreconcilable. There are the Presbyterians, the Seventh Day Adventists, the Anglicans and teachers from the Church of Christ, and all want to keep the boys of the islands in their schools, instead of allowing them to work on the plantations. If the native youths can get food and clothing from the missionaries, they refuse to work; hence the planters suffer. The missionaries are only human, and the dispute between the contending factions is momentarily on the verge of an actual conflict."

Not in Need of Charity.

"The native has food in plenty on the plantations and is not in need of charity. He has money to spend on bonds and other gew-gaws, and he can buy pounds and pounds for pigs. Understand me, the pig is the piece of resistance, the all-important factor in the life of the son of New Hebrides. At the coming of age ceremonies of the native or the installing of a chief—in fact in every function—there is a pig."

"Another curious custom of the islanders is their extraction of the upper tusks of the swine and allowing the lower ones to grow to a prodigious length. The remaining tusks grow into a circle, and I have seen them pierce the lower jaw and then commence a second circle."

## BUSINESS ON KAUAI GOOD

John R. Bergstrom, travelling representative of the Honolulu Music Company, returned from a business trip on Kauai yesterday morning. Mr. Bergstrom reports business conditions on the Garden Island as being exceptionally good and that the residents of the tight little island have just recovered from the recent Ad Club invasion.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)—

Rear Admiral Walter Cowley, who is aboard the liner Korea en route to Manila to assume command of the Asiatic fleet of the United States Navy, stated before sailing that he would urge the speedy completion of the improvements at Pearl Harbor, Honolulu. He pointed out the value of Pearl Harbor as a naval base and that the government should lose no time in preparing it as such.